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BEFORE THE

CALIFORNIA GAMBLING CONTROL COMMISSION STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the A cusa on a d tatel ent of Issues Against:

LUCKY CHANCES, INC., A California Corporation dba LUCKY CHANCES CASINO, GEOW-002757;

ROMMEL MEDINA, Chief Executive Officer and Shareholder, GEOW-001327

RUELL MEDINA, Chief Financial Officer and Shareholder GEOW-001326

Al cas. No. 2015110463

G(Case o. HQ2015-00002AC

DECISION AND ORDER

Hearing Dates: August 1-4, 2016

APPEAL

This matter was heard by the Honorable Kirk E. Miller, Administrative Law Judge (ALJ Miller), State of California, Office of Administrative Hearings, on August 1-4, 2016, in Oakland, California.

Respondents.

Deputy Attorney Generals William P. Torngren and Neil D. Houston represented complainant Wayne J. Quint, Jr., Chief of the Bureau of Gambling Control (Bureau), Department of Justice, State of California.

Charles J. Smith, Attorney at Law, Hartnett Smith & Paetkau, and Jahrett Blonien,
Attorney at Law, Blonien, Boyd, and Condit, represented Respondents Lucky Chances, Inc. (LCI)
dba Lucky Chances Casino, Rommel Medina (Rommel) and Ruell Medina (Ruell) (collectively,
Respondents).

The record was left open until August 12, 2016, to permit the Bureau to submit cost declarations, and until August 19, 2016, to permit Respondents to respond to the Bureau's cost request. The documents were timely received. The Bureau's Cost Declarations were marked as Exhibit 23 and admitted into evidence, and Respondents' Brief in Opposition to the Bureau's Costs was marked as Exhibit P, and made part of the record. ALJ Miller closed the record on

1	August 19, 2016.					
2	On or about September 16, 2016, ALJ Miller timely issued a Proposed Decision.					
3	On or about November 17, 2016, the California Gambling Control Commission					
4	(Commission) rejected the Proposed Decision and Order of ALJ Miller pursuant to Government					
5	Code section 11517(c, 2)(F. Th. Comm. ssion se vec a Not. e and Order of Nonadoption on the					
6	parties. In its Notice an Varder of No. ad ption, the Commission advised the parties that, in					
7	accordance with Government Code section 11517(c)(2)(E)(ii), they may submit written argument					
8	to the Commission on or before December 23, 2016. The Commission advised the parties that					
9	they may not submit any opposition or reply briefs. The Commission also advised the parties that					
10	it would decide this matter on the record, transcripts, and written argument from the parties. Both					
1	parties time ly ubmitted with en irgoment on or being to D cemi er 23, 2 1 .					
12	The record close 1 (1 De eme er 22, 2016)					
13	During the evidentiary hearing, ALJ Miller admitted into evidence the following exhibits					
14	offered by the Bureau:					
15	(1) Jurisdictional Documents:					
16	a. Accusation w/ POS, CL 1-1 through CL 1-17;					
17	b. First Amended Accusation, CL 1-18 through CL 1-27;					
18	c. Second Amended Accusation, CL 1-28 through CL 1-38;					
19	d. CGCC Minutes 9/24/15, CL 1-39 through CL 1-47; and					
20	e. Notices of Defense, CL 1-48 through CL 1-56;					
21	(2) License Certificates, CL 2-1 through CL 2-8;					
22	(3) License History;					
23	(4) Application for State Gambling License, CL 4-1 through CL 4-29;					
24	(5) DOJ Level III Application Review, CL 5-1 through CL 5-51;					
25	(6) Investigation Report No. 1, CL 6-1;					
26	(7) Investigation Report No. 3, CL 7-1 through 7-20;					
27	(8) Lucky Chances Casino Minutes of Meeting – April 8, 2014, CL 8-1					
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1		through CL 8-6;			
2	(9)	Investigation Report No. 4, CL 9-1 through CL 9-38;			
3	(10)	Investigation Report No. 5, CL 10-1 through CL 10-16;			
4	(11)	Investigation Report No. 9, CL 11-1 through CL 11-38;			
5	(12)	Investigation Report No. 12 CI 12-1 to rough CL 12-4;			
6	(13)	In vistigation Ripo No. 13 CI 13-1 arough CL 13-7;			
7	(14)	Investigation Report No. 19, CL 14-1 through CL 14-10;			
8	(15)	Investigation Report No. 18, CL 15-1 through CL 15-20;			
9	(16)	Investigation Report No. 22, CL 16-1 through CL 16-46;			
10	(17)	Mah & Associates Workpapers, CL 17-1 through CL 17-47;			
1	(18)	USI C Juc gr ent in Crim. C is ', Cl 18- th rough 1 -7; Crim'n, 1 Mi nute			
12		(rder, C1 18-3 through C 118-11;			
13	(19)	Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order, CL 19-1 through CL 19-9;			
14	(20)	Lucky Chances; Erlinda Cachuela document production, CL 20-1 through			
15		CL 20-24;			
16	(21)	Stipulation to Lucky Chances Receipts from Rene Medina, CL 21;			
17	(22)	Accusation Amendment; and			
18	(23)	Cost Declarations.			
19	During the evidentiary hearing, ALJ Miller admitted into evidence the following exhibits				
20	offered by Responder	nts:			
21	(D)	2/19/14 Invoice from Lucky Chances Casino to Rene Medina (Invoice			
22		#R120) in the Amount of \$59,047.00 (Bates #LCI-DOJ 000155);			
23	(E)	4/16/14 Check from Rene Medina and Mila Medina to Lucky Chances			
24		Casino in the Amount of \$59,047.00 (Bates #LCI-DOJ 000154);			
25	(I)	2/8/14 Lucky Chances Inc. receivable from Mr. Medina (Bates # LCI-DOJ			
26		000156);			
27	(J)	4/25/14 Invoice from Lucky Chances Casino to Rene Medina (Invoice			
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1	#165) in the Amount of \$2,599.00 (Bates # LCI-DOJ 000145); and					
2	(M) Court Reporter's Transcript of the September 23, 2008 Hearing before the					
3	California Gambling Control Commission.					
4	FACTUAL FINDINGS					
5	Pleadings					
6	1. On or about 1 gust 2, 20 5, he Bure up epare an Accusation against					
7	Respondents, and served the Accusation on Respondents via certified mail.					
8	2. On or about August 20, 2015, Respondents timely submitted Notices of Defense.					
9	3. On or about February 11, 2016, the Bureau prepared and filed a First Amended					
10	Accusation against Respondents.					
1	4. On or ab ut [ul 13, 21 16] the Bureau propared and the la Second Amence!					
12	Accu atio, an Steen at of Iss es (ASI) gains Respor lents. The ASI sthe or erative					
13	pleading in this matter.					
14	Background					
15	5. Lucky Chances Casino (Lucky Chances) is a 60 table cardroom located in Colma,					
16	California, License Number GEGE-001108. Lucky Chances contains a restaurant,					
17	administrative, accounting and human resource offices, all located off of the gambling floor.					
18	Lucky Chances was founded by Rene Medina in 1998. Rene Medina is the father of Rommel and					
19	Ruell. Rene Medina owned and operated Lucky Chances until he sold it to his sons, Rommel and					
20	Ruell.					
21	6. Lucky Chances employs approximately 650 people and its financial statements show					
22	that it had revenue of \$47,743,421 in 2013, and \$45,238,976 in 2014. Lucky Chances' income					
23	from operations was \$12,887,290 in 2013 and \$10,875,832 in 2014.					
24	7. Rene Medina sold LCI to his sons subject to a promissory note for the purchase price					
25	of \$48,000,000. The promissory note is held by the Rene and Mila Medina Irrevocable Blind					
26	Trust (Trust). Pursuant to the terms of the promissory note, Rommel and Ruell pay the Trust					
27	\$600,000 per quarter. These payments are financed from the proceeds of the gambling and					
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restaurant operations at Lucky Chances. The Commission approved the purchase and sale agreement between Rene Medina and his sons, the establishment of the Trust, and the payment schedule to the Trust.

- 8. On or about October 30, 2008, Rene Medina was convicted of three counts of violating 26 U.S.C. se tion 201, a evas on, a fe ony
- 9. Business and Frofes ions Code section 98 9(c) provides that the Commission shall deny a license to any applicant who is disqualified for conviction of a felony, including a conviction by a federal court or a court in another state for a crime that would constitute a felony if committed in California.
- 10. Rene Medina is disqualified from holding any license issued by the Commission, incluing a state gan bling near to own any port of card or min he State of Califor ia.²

 Rene is considered and application of the Canoling Control A. the Canoli
- 11. LCI is the corporate owner of Lucky Chances and holds License Number GEOW-002757. Rommel is Chief Executive Officer and Shareholder of LCI and holds License Number GEOW-001327. Ruell is the Chief Operating Officer and Shareholder of LCI and holds License Number GEOW-001326. Rommel and Ruell each own 50% of the shares of LCI.
- 12. The state gambling license of LCI contains five license conditions (License Conditions) as follows:
 - Rene Medina shall be prohibited from entering, being present in, or in any way
 patronizing (a) the areas within Lucky Chances Casino in which controlled
 gambling is conducted and (b) any other areas related to the gambling
 operation, such as count and surveillance rooms, including all of the 2nd floor.
 - 2. All future shareholders, corporate officers, key employees, and work permit holders shall be informed of the prohibition (as identified in condition number one) by the General Manager within three business days of their start date and

All statutory citations are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated. All regulatory citations are to Title 4, California Code of Regulations (CCR) unless otherwise indicated.

² "License" is defined in Section 19805(z) as "a gambling license, key employee license, or any other license issued by the commission pursuant to this chapter or regulations adopted pursuant to the chapter."

shall maintain	a record	of this	notification	while	they are	e affiliated	with the
cardroom.							

- 3. Ruell Medina and Rommel Medina, licensed as shareholders in Lucky Chances, Inc., shall each be individually responsible for ensuring that all conditions placed on the Lucky Chances license are fully complied with, including by not limited to dutes placed pointhe General Manager.
- 4. If Rene Medina is observed at any time by any employee entering, or being present in, (a) the areas within Lucky Chances Casino in which controlled gambling is conducted or (2) any other areas related to the gambling operation, such as count and surveillance rooms, including all of the 2nd floor, the General

Nan ge or minager in charge (a. ll within) I minut is elephone (1) the California Garibh or Control commission (Commission) and (1) the Department of Justice, Bureau of Gambling Control (Bureau). The call to the Commission shall be made to the Executive Director at (916) 263-0700. The call to the Bureau shall be made to the Bureau Chief at (916) 227-2377.

- 5. Any communication between Rene Medina and any shareholder or employee of Lucky Chances concerning the operation of the Lucky Chances card room business shall be disclosed to the Executive Director and to the Bureau Chief within one business day of the communication. This disclosure requirement applies to both oral and written communications. This disclosure must be made in writing. The General Manager shall maintain records documenting each disclosure for four years following the disclosure.
- 13. On or about October 14, 2014, the Bureau received an anonymous complaint asserting that Rene Medina was still running Lucky Chances, and that Lucky Chances' employees were used during normal work hours to work at Rene Medina's house and at Mission National Bank.³
 - 14. On or about October 21, 2014, agents from the Bureau's Compliance and Enforcement

³ Rene Medina founded Mission National Bank, but evidence of its current ownership structure was not presented and is not in issue in this matter.

Section (CES), together with the Bureau's High Tech Task Force, conducted an unannounced compliance inspection of Lucky Chances. During the inspection, numerous Lucky Chances employees were interviewed, computers were imaged, and documents were taken. The employees cooperated with Bureau personnel, provided access to the requested documents, and gave oral statements. The information obtained from the compliance inspection resulted in the Bureau's filing of the Agusation against despondints.

15. On or about June 4, 2015, LCI filed an application to renew its gambling owner's license, and Rommel and Ruell filed applications to renew their state gambling licenses as shareholders of LCI. The Commission considered the renewal applications at its September 24, 2015 meeting, in which the Commission voted to refer consideration of the renewal state gambar glicense application to an administrative Proce ures Act (AFA) evidentially hearing, to be consolirated with the pending Accusation against Respondents. The Commission all pressured interim renewal licenses for Respondents, valid through September 30, 2017, and subject to the same License Conditions set forth in Factual Finding 12.

16. On or about July 8, 2016, the Bureau amended its First Amended Accusation to include a Statement of Issues. The ASI seeks the revocation of the gambling establishment and ownership state gambling licenses of Respondents; the denial of Respondents' renewal state gambling license applications; the imposition of fines and monetary penalties; and the award of the costs of investigation and prosecution of this matter.

- 17. The burden of proof is with the Complainant (Bureau) in a proceeding on the Accusation.⁴
- 18. The burden of proof is with the Respondents in a proceeding on the Statement of Issues.⁵

Second Amended Accusation

19. The ASI alleges three causes for discipline of the state gambling licenses of Respondents and/or denial of the renewal state gambling applications of Respondents as follows:

⁴ CCR section 12554.

⁵ Section 19856(a).

(1) Involvement of disqualified person in Lucky Chances business and financial affairs; (2) Violation of License Condition Five; and (3) Violation of License Condition Three.

20. Based on the evidence presented during the evidentiary hearing, ALJ Miller granted the Bureau's Request to Amend According to Proof Pursuant to Government Code section 11507. The Bureau added a fourth cause of discipline and decial as ollows: (4) Rommel and LCI, through its management employées and a ents, provided unto de and misleading information as to a material fact pertaining to qualification criteria and all Respondents failed to reveal facts material to qualification.

First Cause of Action for Discipline or Denial:

Involvement of Disqualified Person in Lucky Chances Business and Financial Affairs

21. Du ing to a cle car y ar 2015 and 2014 employees of Luc cy Chances'n aint nance department performed strokes in into their regular work fours are I their dives off at Ren. Medina's home. In some cases, Rene Medina directly requested the employees to work, while in other cases they were requested to do so either by Kirk Stoner (Stoner), Lucky Chances facility manager, or by Rick Bustamante (Bustamante), the day-shift housekeeping and maintenance supervisor. Rene Medina was building a new house during this period and Stoner, who was previously a general contractor, assisted him with the design and construction of the new property. Lucky Chances maintenance employees provided landscaping, planting, and similar services to Rene Medina when requested to do so. Except for Stoner, the employees who performed the work were hourly employees who reported directly to Bustamante. When the employees worked at Rene Medina's home during their off hours, they were paid directly by Rene Medina; otherwise, they were paid by Lucky Chances.

22. It was not unusual for Lucky Chances maintenance employees to perform "off-site" services for other companies owned and/or operated by Rene Medina, Rommel and Ruell, including, among others, Mission National Bank and Lucky Money. When they did so, they would "clock in" on the Kronos time keeping machine located at Lucky Chances, and then go to the assigned offsite location to perform the required service. If, when working offsite, they

worked through a lunch break, they completed a form called the "missed punch log" in order to keep track of the actual hours worked. The same procedure was followed when they worked at Rene Medina's home. In other words, they would first report to Lucky Chances to clock in, and then they left to work at Rene Medina's home without first "clocking out," if they were assigned to do so by their super risor. They are or ered ting—keeping information in the missed punch log to account for their breats. As uch, they lid not from rly are ount for their time; it appeared that Lucky Chances maintenance employees were performing services for Lucky Chances, when in fact they were working for Rene Medina.

- 23. Erlinda Cachuela (Cachuela) is Lucky Chances' treasurer and is responsible for assuring that company funds are correctly dispersed. She was not aware of the work that Lucky Chan cs m in chance employees performed for Rene Me inact it she canned about the activity during the surear's unannunce complicate in pection in October 21, 2014. The reason that she was not aware that Lucky Chances maintenance employees were being paid to perform work for Rene Medina is that the time keeping function was controlled by the employees' direct supervisors who were responsible for approving time entries. The accounting department did not know where the employees were assigned when they worked offsite, and therefore paid the employees for work performed for Rene Medina.
- 24. The maintenance department established codes for special off-site projects, and used "code 50" for work done for Rene Medina and "code 16" for Mission National Bank.⁶
- 25. Lucky Chances is open 24 hours per day, 7 days per week. Lucky Chances maintenance employees are also required to be available at all times. As a result, many of Lucky Chances' maintenance employees worked weekends and had days off in the middle of the week.
- 26. Rommel is the Chief Executive Officer and 50% shareholder of LCI. His office is located on the second floor of Lucky Chances. He has an open door policy and is often on site at Lucky Chances. Rommel was aware that Lucky Chances maintenance employees, including Stoner, were working at Rene Medina's house. Rommel noticed Lucky Chances maintenance

⁶ References to these accounting codes is found in Exhibit 8, Lucky Chances Casino Minutes of Meeting – April 8, 2014.

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employees working at Rene Medina's house on weekends. Prior to the Bureau's unannounced compliance inspection, Rommel never investigated or inquired of Rene Medina, Stoner, Bustamente, or any of Lucky Chances' maintenance staff regarding the financial and employment arrangements between Lucky Chances maintenance staff and Rene Medina.

27. Ruell is the Chie Financial Or icer and 50 share solder of LCI. Ruell spends the

27. Ruell is the Chie Financial Orlicer and 50 b share holder of LCI. Ruell spends the majority of his time working at his other Lusiness and es. Ruell also noticed Lucky Chances maintenance employees working at Rene Medina's house. Ruell never investigated or inquired of Rene Medina, Stoner, Bustamente, or any of Lucky Chances maintenance staff regarding the financial and employment arrangements between Lucky Chances maintenance staff and Rene Medina.

28. The Bure in dy sed I or mel of the ser it es is sue during its un unnounce I omiliance inspection. Remove than instructed Sach elactic conduct a compliance audit of ary pay nexts. made to employees for services received by Rene Medina. The accounting team performed a detailed audit and created a schedule of the amounts paid. Because the employees are required to fill out the missed punch log anytime they are away from their regular workplace at Lucky Chances, and the missed punch log only indicates the employee is "off site," it was not possible for Cachuela to determine when the employees were working at Rene Medina's home or when they were on regular company business, such as purchasing equipment and supplies. For this reason, when calculating the cost of the services Rene Medina received, the accounting department took a conservative approach and assumed that anytime an employee in the maintenance department completed the missed punch log, and noted it was in connection with off-site work, that the employee was working at Rene Medina's home. The completed internal audit report was reviewed by Lucky Chances financial consultant Abhi Agrawal (Agrawal). The total labor expense paid by Lucky Chances for this offsite work at all locations was \$76,200 in 2013 and \$100,690 in 2014. After the Bureau advised Rommel of the services issue and the detailed audit was complete, Rene Medina reimbursed Lucky Chances for these amounts.

29. In addition to the services provided by Stoner and Lucky Chances' maintenance

employees, Rene Medina also purchased materials for his home that were paid for by Lucky Chances in the amount of \$7,098. Rene Medina also used Lucky Chances' wholesale license to purchase furnishings at a reduced cost. Lucky Chances incurred the sales tax expense associated with his purchases, in the amount of \$60,735. Based on the sales tax rate of approximately 9%, Rene Medina used Lucky Chances' wholesale lice seep purchase over \$600,000 worth of material and furnishings for his nome. Lucky Chances' employees, including the payroll department, assisted Rene Medina with the ordering and purchasing of materials, including furniture, for his home. Lucky Chances' accounting department identified these amounts, and Rene Medina subsequently reimbursed Lucky Chances for these amounts in April 2014, prior to the Bureau's unannounced compliance inspection.

30. Pri r to t is 1 pray nen of the owed amounts, the total collar be effit that connector Rene Medical pray or, na erial and sales tax was \$2.4, 23.85.

31. The internal audit performed by Lucky Chances regarding wages paid to its maintenance employees, as well as the materials purchased and sales tax paid by Lucky Chances on behalf of Rene Medina, was reviewed and audited by Lucky Chances' independent audit firm, Mah & Associates, LLP. Mah & Associates is a certified public accounting firm that prepares and certifies LCI's annual financial statements. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles). Lucky Chances is a Group I licensee, which means a licensee "with a reported gross revenue of \$10 million or more for the preceding fiscal year." As a result, Lucky Chances must engage an independent accountant licensed by the California Board of Accountancy to audit its annual financial statements in accordance with GAAS (Generally Accepted Auditing Standards). Mah & Associates' audit partner, Yolanda Aquino, confirmed she received the full cooperation of Lucky Chances employees in connection with her audit of the internal report. The work performed by Mah & Associates was done in accordance with Commission regulations.

32. During the hearing, Rommel testified that Lucky Chances did not purchase items for

⁷ CCR section 12311(b)(1).

⁸ CCR section 12313(a)(1).

Rene Medina in connection with the construction of his home and did not allow Rene Medina to use its wholesale license to purchase items for the construction of his home. Rommel assumed that Rene Medina, as the former owner of Lucky Chances, was aware of Lucky Chances' wholesale license and used it on his own without notifying Lucky Chances. This is supported by the fact that Rene Medina rombu sell Lucky Charles or the chances in April 2014, prior to the Bureau's unannouncy compliance in pection. He vever as Lucky Chances employees, including the payroll department, assisted Rene Medina with the ordering and purchasing of materials for his home, Rommel's testimony is not persuasive.

- Rommel and Ruell built an organizational structure and work culture at Lucky Chances in which their employees and supervisors in the payroll and maintenance departments failed to notify them the R to e N edina, a disqualified per on under the Gambling Control act, was a failed to himself, of he labor counself, and rejource a generated by Lucy Charges.
- 34. Prior to the Bureau's unannounced compliance inspection on October 21, 2014, Lucky Chances made no report to the Bureau or Commission regarding the services provided to Rene Medina, the purchases utilizing Lucky Chances' wholesale permit for Rene Medina's benefit, or any other contact Lucky Chances' employees had with Rene regarding these services and purchases.
- 35. Both Rommel and Ruell noticed Lucky Chances maintenance employees working at Rene Medina's home on weekends. Yet, from April 2014, when Rene Medina reimbursed Lucky Chances for the sales tax and purchases made by Lucky Chances for Rene Medina's benefit, to October 21, 2014, when the Bureau's unannounced compliance inspection revealed that Lucky Chances was paying its maintenance employees to work at Rene Medina's home, neither Rommel nor Ruell ever made any inquiry into the financial arrangements of Lucky Chances maintenance employees working at Rene Medina's home.
- 36. Given the above factual circumstances, Rommel and Ruell failed to exercise reasonable oversight over Lucky Chances' significant financial and personnel expenditures.
 - 37. The Commission has the responsibility, without limitation, to "assure that there is no

material involvement, directly or indirectly, with a licensed gambling operation, or the ownership or management thereof, by unqualified or disqualified persons." Section 19823(a)(2).

- 38. By directing Lucky Chances' employees, including payroll and maintenance staff, to perform services and purchase furnishings for his home, Rene Medina, a disqualified person under the Gambling Control Act, we may rially it vol. ed, an exercised managerial and ownership control over 'b' fina ces at 1 personnel of 1 ucky chances, a licensed gambling operation.
- 39. Following the issues involving Lucky Chances maintenance employees working for Rene Medina in the development and landscaping of his home, Rommel and Ruell created Lucky Business Services (LBS). The cost of providing services to related companies is now invoiced and ranbu set by 1 BS. The creation of LBS enables a rore accurate counting of the employees time and activities a Lucky Chancer main enance workers. There are approximately 15 related business entities.
- Determination on First Cause for Discipline or Denial
- 40. The evidence established material involvement with a licensed gambling operation, and the ownership or management thereof, by a disqualified person, Rene Medina.
- Second Cause of Action for Discipline or Denial:
- 8 | Violation of License Condition Five
 - 41. When Rommel and Ruell were issued state gambling licenses as the shareholders of LCI (the owner-licensee of Lucky Chances) in 2007, they understood that Rene Medina was precluded from involvement in Lucky Chances. Rommel and Ruell took steps to ensure that Lucky Chances was operated in accordance with the Gambling Control Act and the conditions placed on Respondents' state gambling licenses by the Commission.
 - 42. To assist them with legal compliance issues, LCI hired a full-time, in-house compliance officer, Chris Tajalle (Tajalle). Tajalle is an attorney who specialized in compliance matters. They also retained the consulting services of Steve Giorgio (Giorgio), who previously served as the Executive Director of the Commission and as the Chief Enforcement Officer of the

Department of Consumer Affairs. Giorgio continues to provide consulting services.

- 43. Among Giorgio's responsibilities when he began working for Lucky Chances was reviewing and revising LCI's policies and procedures. Giorgio strengthened the surveillance room procedures and the policies regarding cage operations and chips in use. He also provided training to all employees regarding to all employees regarding to the salso provided to the salso provided
- 44. License Condition Five provides that "any communication between Rene Medina and any shareholder or employee of Lucky Chances concerning the operation of the Lucky Chances card 12 cm l us ness that by "isclose 1 to the Executive Director and to the Bureau Chi f within one business duy of the communications. This disclosure must be made in writing. The General Manager shall maintain records documenting each disclosure for four years following the disclosure."
- 45. Numerous communications occurred in 2013 and 2014 between Rene Medina and employees of Lucky Chances, specifically employees and supervisors in the payroll and maintenance departments. These communications had to do with the purchasing of furnishings and use of Lucky Chances maintenance employees to provide maintenance services in connection with the construction and furnishing of Rene Medina's new home. The total dollar benefit that accrued to Rene Medina for labor, materials and sales tax was \$244,923.85. Rene Medina reimbursed Lucky Chances for the cost of the materials in April 2014, and for the cost of the maintenance labor following the Bureau's unannounced compliance inspection on October 21, 2014. None of these communications were reported or disclosed to the Commission or the Bureau.
- 46. There was no evidence presented of any communications between Rene Medina and his sons, Rommel and Ruell, regarding the operations of Lucky Chances.
- Determination on Second Cause of Action for Discipline or Denial

LCI's resale permit; (3) failing to disclose that LCI's employees were being used for the benefit

of Rene Medina; and (4) failing to report this information to the Bureau.

52. As provided above, Rene Medina purchased materials for his home that were paid for by Lucky Chances and used Lucky Chances' wholesale license to purchase furnishings at a reduced cost, causing Lucky Chances to incur the sales tax expense associated with his purchases in the amount of \$60, 35. Lucky Chances' employees including the payroll department, assisted Rene Medina with the odd ring and purchasing of paterials. Including furniture, for his home. Lucky Chances' accounting department identified these amounts, and Rene Medina subsequently reimbursed Lucky Chances for these amounts in April 2014, prior to the Bureau's unannounced compliance inspection on October 21, 2014. Lucky Chances did not notify the Bureau of these transactions.

53. Ro nmel es fie a that he was unaware that Lu ky C ha ces i at itenance in ployees were being bat by Luc y Changes to assist in the contriction ar I maintenance of Ren

Medina's home until the Bureau's unannounced compliance inspection on October 21, 2014.

54. Rommel and Ruell should have known that Lucky Chances maintenance employees were still on the clock while performing construction and maintenance services for Rene Medina in the development of his private home. Rommel and Ruell failed to exercise reasonable oversight over Rene Medina's use of Lucky Chances maintenance employees.

Determination on Fourth Cause for Discipline or Denial

- 55. Rommel's statement to the Bureau that Respondents first learned that Lucky Chances employees were being used for the benefit of Rene Medina on October 21, 2014 was not untrue and misleading. Therefore, the evidence did not establish that Rommel provided untrue and misleading information as to a material fact pertaining to qualification criteria.
- 56. Rommel and Ruell failed to disclose to the Bureau that Rene Medina was provided the benefit of LCI's wholesale license. Rommel and Ruell's failure to disclose Rene Medina's use of LCI's wholesale license is a factor in assessing Rommel and Ruell's suitability for licensure. However, the evidence did not establish that Respondents' acts and omissions in failing to report that Rene Medina was provided the benefit of LCI's wholesale license resulted in a violation of

the Gambling Control Act.

57. Rommel and Ruell failed to disclose that LCI's employees were being used for the benefit of Rene Medina. However, as Rommel testified that he first learned that Lucky Chances employees were being used for the benefit of Rene Medina on October 21, 2014, the evidence did not establish that Rom nel and Ruell's failure to did close that LCI's employees were being used for the benefit of Rene 11 dina esulte in a violation of the Cambling Control Act.

Matter in Aggravation

58. On September 18, 2011, LCI entered into a Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order with the Bureau, which was approved by the Commission, pursuant to which LCI acknowledged contracting with a company, owned by relatives of Rommel and Ruell, that provided the relative provided the result of the the result of

Imposition of Discipline

59. In light of the foregoing, Respondents' licenses are suspended for fourteen (14) days. However, the suspension is stayed, and Respondents are ordered to pay a monetary penalty in lieu of all fourteen (14) days of the suspension. Pursuant to CCR section 12554(d)(7)(A), the monetary penalty shall be fifty percent (50%) of Lucky Chances' average daily gross gaming revenue. The monetary penalty shall be based upon the most recent financial statements submitted by Lucky Chances to the Bureau.

Costs

60. Section 19930(d) provides:

(d) In any case in which the administrative law judge recommends that the commission revoke, suspend, or deny a license, the administrative law judge may, upon presentation of suitable proof, order the licensee or applicant for a license to pay the department the reasonable costs of the investigation and prosecution of this

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- 61. In issuing his Proposed Decision, ALJ Miller did not recommend the revocation, suspension or denial of Respondents' state gambling licenses or renewal state gambling license applications. As a result, ALJ Miller did not order the payment of reasonable costs by Respondents to the Bureau.
- 62. Since ALJ N if er dignot recommend the revocation or suspension of Respondents' state gambling licenses or the denial of Respondents' renewal state gambling license applications, pursuant to Section 19930(d), no costs will be awarded to the Bureau for the investigation and prosecution of this case.

Statement of Issues

- 53. Section 198. 6(1) profides:

 An application to receive a deeps constitutes a request for a determination of the applicant's general character, integrity, and ability to participate in, engage in, or be associated with, controlled gambling.
- 64. Section 19856(c) provides:

In reviewing an application for any license, the commission shall consider whether issuance of the license is inimical to public health, safety, or welfare, and whether issuance of the license will undermine public trust that the gambling operations with respect to which the license would be issued are free from criminal and dishonest elements and would be conducted honestly.

65. Section 19857(a) provides:

No gambling license shall be issued unless, based on all of the information and documents submitted, the commission is satisfied that the applicant is a person of good character, honesty, and integrity.

66. Section 19857(b) provides:

No gambling license shall be issued unless, based on all of the information and documents submitted, the commission is satisfied that the applicant is a person

whose prior activities, criminal record, if any, reputation, habits and associations do not pose a threat to the public interest of this state, or to the effective regulation and control of controlled gambling, or create or enhance the dangers of unsuitable, unfair, or illegal practices, methods, and activities in the conduct of controlled gambling or in the carrying on of the bisiness and financial arrangements incidental fieret.

67. Section 19857(c) provides:

No gambling license shall be issued unless, based on all of the information and documents submitted, the commission is satisfied that the applicant is a person that is in all other respects qualified to be licensed as provided in this chapter.

Num er C' O V-00.32 . tom. el cos p t hay a cri ni al recoi l. Rom pel full coop r ted with the Bureau during its unannounced compliance inspection on October 21, 2014. Rommel did not directly assist Rene Medina with using Lucky Chances' funds and wholesale license to purchase materials and furnishings for Rene Medina's home, or in the hiring of LCI's maintenance employees to work at Rene Medina's home. Giorgio testified that Rommel is honest and independent of Rene Medina, and that Rommel is quiet, but approachable, and actively engaged in Lucky Chances' operations. There was no persuasive evidence presented that Rommel lacks honesty or integrity. However, there are significant concerns regarding Rommel's relationship with Rene Medina, and his failure to exercise reasonable oversight over various departments, including payroll and maintenance, that resulted in Lucky Chances' significant financial and personnel expenditures in favor of Rene Medina for the purpose of the development and furnishing of Rene Medina's home.

69. Ruell is the Chief Operating Officer and Shareholder (50%) of LCI and holds License Number GEOW-001326. Ruell does not have a criminal record. Ruell did not directly assist Rene Medina with using Lucky Chances' funds and wholesale license to purchase materials and furnishings for Rene Medina's home, or in the hiring of LCI's maintenance employees to work at

70. LCI is owned and operated by its two 50% shareholders, Rommel and Ruell. LCI does at he reacting into the reacting.

Determine, on on State per tof the sue.

71. The evidence established that Respondents are persons of good character, honesty, and integrity. However, Respondents' failure to disclose Rene Medina's use of LCI's wholesale license, their relationship and association with Rene Medina, a disqualified person under the Gambling Control Act, and their habit of failing to exercise reasonable oversight over various departments, including payroll and maintenance, particularly in relation to those departments' interactions with Rene Medina, poses a threat to the public interest, and creates or enhances the dangers of unsuitable, unfair, or illegal practices, methods, and activities in the conduct of controlled gambling or in the carrying on of the business and financial arrangements incidental thereto. These threats are insufficient, at this time, to warrant the denial of Respondents' renewal state gambling license applications. Rather, Respondents have met their burden of proving their qualifications for licensure under the Gambling Control Act, but only through their strict adherence to the following conditions:

License Conditions:

1. Rene Medina shall be prohibited from entering, being present in, or in any way patronizing any areas on Lucky Chances' property.

- 2. All future shareholders, corporate officers, key employees, and work permit holders shall be informed of the prohibition (as identified in condition number one) by the General Manager within three business days of their start date and shall maintain a record of this notification while they are affiliated with the car room
- 3. Ruel. Vedin and Con nel Me na licens d as shareholders in Lucky Chances, Inc. shall each be individually responsible for ensuring that all conditions placed on the Lucky Chances license are fully complied with, including but not limited to duties placed upon the General Manager.
- 4. If Rene Medina is observed at any time by any employee entering, or being present many are as of Eucky Chances proper 7, the General Manager or manager in courge shall within 30 n in testele hone (1 the Canforn a Gambling Control Commission (Commission) and (2) the Department of Justice, Bureau of Gambling Control (Bureau). The call to the Commission shall be made to the Executive Director at (916) 263-0700. The call to the Bureau shall be made to the Bureau Chief at (916) 227-2377.
- 5. Rene Medina shall not have any communication, directly or indirectly, with any employee or owner of Lucky Chances, except that Rene Medina may communicate with his immediate family members provided the communication does not relate to any part of LCI's business.
- 6. Any communication between Rene Medina and any shareholder or employee of Lucky Chances concerning the operation of the Lucky Chances card room business shall be disclosed to the Executive Director and to the Bureau Chief within one business day of the communication. This disclosure requirement applies to both oral and written communications. This disclosure must be made in writing. The General Manager shall maintain records documenting each disclosure for four years following the disclosure.

All Evidence Considered

in making its determination on the ASI.

1 EGA L CON LI SION

72. All documentary and testimonial evidence submitted by the parties that is not

specifically addressed in this Decision and Order was considered but not used by the Commission

1. Division 1.5 of the Fusines at d Profes ion 3 Cod , the provisions of which govern the denial of licenses on various grounds, does not apply to licensure decisions made by the Commission under the Gambling Control Act. Business and Professions Code section 476(a).

- 2. Public trust and confidence can only be maintained by strict and comprehensive regulation of all persons, locations, practices, associations, and activities related to the operation of laving miling stablishmen said the manufacture and disripution of permissible gar bling equipment. Business and I rofe, ion. Cod. section 19 '0 (h).
- 3. In order to effectuate state policy as declared herein, it is necessary that gambling establishments, activities, and equipment be licensed, that persons participating in those activities be licensed or registered, that certain transactions, events, and processes involving gambling establishments and owners of gambling establishments be subject to prior approval or permission, that unsuitable persons not be permitted to associate with gambling activities or gambling establishments, and that gambling activities take place only in suitable locations. Any license or permit issued, or other approval granted pursuant to this chapter, is declared to be a revocable privilege, and no holder acquires any vested right therein or thereunder. Business and Professions Code section 19801(k).
- 4. The Commission has the responsibility of assuring that licenses, approvals, and permits are not issued to, or held by, unqualified or disqualified persons, or by persons whose operations are conducted in a manner that is inimical to the public health, safety, or welfare. Business and Professions Code section 19823(a)(1).
- 5. The Commission has the responsibility of assuring that there is no material involvement, directly or indirectly, with a licensed gambling operation, or the ownership or

management thereof, by unqualified or disqualified persons, or by persons whose operations are conducted in a manner that is inimical to the public health, safety, or welfare. Business and Professions Code section 19823(a)(2).

- 6. An "unqualified person" means a person who is found to be unqualified pursuant to the criteria set forth in Section 1955, and "disqualified person" means a person who is found to be disqualified pursuant to the criteria set orth in section 1965. Business and Professions Code section 19823(b).
- 7. The Commission has the power, for any cause deemed reasonable by the Commission, to deny any application for a license, permit, or approval provided for in this chapter or regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter, limit, condition, or restrict any license, permit, or approval, or in pose any fire upon any person license of or approval. The commission may condition, estrict ciscipline, or ake action against the license of on individual owner endorsed on the license certificate of the gambling enterprise whether or not the commission takes action against the license of the gambling enterprise. Business and Professions Code section 19824(b).
- 8. The Commission has the power, for any cause deemed reasonable by the Commission, to take actions deemed to be reasonable to ensure that no ineligible, unqualified, disqualified, or unsuitable persons are associated with controlled gambling activities. Business and Professions Code section 19824(d).
- 9. The burden of proving his or her qualifications to receive any license from the Commission is on the applicant. Business and Professions Code section 19856(a).
- 10. An application to receive a license constitutes a request for a determination of the applicant's general character, integrity, and ability to participate in, engage in, or be associated with, controlled gambling. Business and Professions Code section 19856(b).
- 11. In reviewing an application for any license, the commission shall consider whether issuance of the license is inimical to public health, safety, or welfare, and whether issuance of the license will undermine public trust that the gambling operations with respect to which the license would be issued are free from criminal and dishonest elements and would be conducted honestly.

Business and Professions Code section 19856(c).

- 12. No gambling license shall be issued unless, based on all of the information and documents submitted, the commission is satisfied that the applicant is a person of good character, honesty, and integrity. Business and Professions Code section 19857(a).
- 13. No gamble glic uses at be i sued unless based in all of the information and documents submitted, the commission is attisfied nat the applicant is a person whose prior activities, criminal record, if any, reputation, habits, and associations do not pose a threat to the public interest of this state, or to the effective regulation and control of controlled gambling, or create or enhance the dangers of unsuitable, unfair, or illegal practices, methods, and activities, in the conduct of controlled gambling or in the carrying on of the business and financial arrangements incide to the public interest of this state, or to the effective regulation and control of controlled gambling, or create or enhance the dangers of unsuitable, unfair, or illegal practices, methods, and activities, in the conduct of controlled gambling or in the carrying on of the business and financial
- 14. No pam' find license, has be issued valess, based on a lof the information and documents submitted, the commission is satisfied that the applicant is a person that is in all other respects qualified to be licensed as provided in this chapter. Business and Professions Code section 19857(c).
- 15. The commission shall deny a license to any applicant who is disqualified for failure of the applicant to provide information, documentation, and assurances required by this chapter or requested by the chief, or failure of the applicant to reveal any fact material to qualification, or the supplying of information that is untrue or misleading as to a material fact pertaining to the qualification criteria. Business and Professions Code section 19859(b).
- 16. The commission shall deny a license to any applicant who is disqualified for conviction of a felony, including a conviction by a federal court or a court in another state for a crime that would constitute a felony if committed in California. Business and Professions Code section 19859(c).
- 17. In any case in which the administrative law judge recommends that the commission revoke, suspend, or deny a license, the administrative law judge may, upon the presentation of suitable proof, order the licensee or applicant for a license to pay the department the reasonable

costs of the investigation and prosecution of this case.	Business and Professions Code section
19930(d).	

- 18. The burden of proof is on the applicant to prove his, her, or its qualifications to receive any license or other approval under the Act. Title 4, CCR section 12058(b).
- 19. Upon a fin 'ing c' a viola ion c' the Ac ard regul tions adopted pursuant thereto, any law related to gambling or gam' ling e 'tal ishmen's, violatio of a previously imposed disciplinary or license condition, or laws whose violation is materially related to suitability for a license, registration, permit, or approval, the Commission may do any one or more of the following:

(2) S sp nd i, e li er le, registratior (r pe mit;

- (4) Impose any condition, limitation, order, or directive;
- . . .
- (6) Stay, in whole or in part, the imposition of a revocation or suspension against the holder of a license, registration, work permit, finding of suitability, or approval, or
- (7) Order the holder to pay a monetary penalty in lieu of all or a portion of a suspension. Within the guidelines of Business and Professions Code sections 19930, subdivision (c), and 19943, subdivision (b):
 - (A) If the respondent is an owner licensee of a gambling establishment, the monetary penalty shall be equivalent of fifty percent of the average daily gross gaming revenue, but not less than \$300, for the number of days for which the suspension is stayed.
- Title 4, CCR section 12554.
- 20. Factors in mitigation may reduce a minimal penalty of suspension listed in this chapter, either in number of days suspended and/or in the proposal to stay a suspension for a

1	period of probation and the payment of any monetary penalty. Factors in aggravation may
2	increase a penalty or be taken into consideration in determining whether or not to allow a
3	suspension to be stayed upon payment of a monetary penalty. Title 4, CCR section 12556.
4	Accusation
5	First Cause of Action for Descipline or Desial:
6	Involvement of Disqual, id Person in Lucky Charces Business and Financial Affairs
7	21. The evidence established material involvement with a licensed gambling operation
8	(Lucky Chances), and the ownership or management thereof, by a disqualified person, Rene
9	Medina. As a result, cause for discipline was established in the first cause of action under Section
10	19823(a)(2).
1 12	Secon a Canse of Action for Niscoline or Denial: Viola ion a Livens Condition I ve
13	22. The communications between Rene Medina and the payroll and maintenance
14	employees and supervisors of Lucky Chances were for the benefit of Rene Medina in the
15	construction, maintenance and furnishing of his private home. As a result, these communications
16	did not "concern the operations of the Lucky Chances card room business." Therefore, the
17	evidence did not establish that License Condition Five was violated. As a result, no cause for
18	discipline was established in the second cause of action.
19	Third Cause of Action for Discipline or Denial:
20	Violation of License Condition Three
21	23. The evidence did not support a finding that Respondents violated License Condition
22	Five, which is the predicate for finding a violation of License Condition Three. Therefore, the
23	evidence did not establish that License Condition Three was violated. As a result, no cause for
24	discipline was established in the third cause of action.
25	Fourth Cause of Action for Discipline or Denial:
26	Providing Untrue and Misleading Information to the Bureau
27	24. The evidence did not establish that Rommel provided misleading information when he
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testified that he first learned about Lucky Chances employees were being used for the benefit of Rene Medina on October 21, 2014. Rommel and Ruell's failure to disclose Rene Medina's use of LCI's wholesale license is a factor in assessing Rommel and Ruell's suitability for licensure. However, the evidence did not establish that Respondents' acts and omissions in failing to report that Rene Medina was provided t'e enefic of LCI's wholesal license resulted in a violation of the Gambling Control A. Roy ameland usell also fared to disclose that LCI's employees were being used for the benefit of Rene Medina. However, as Rommel testified that he first learned that Lucky Chances employees were being used for the benefit of Rene Medina on October 21, 2014, the evidence did not establish that Rommel and Ruell's failure to disclose that LCI's employees were being used for the benefit of Rene Medina resulted in a violation of the Gamlang Control A. L. As a result, so cause for disciplinative was established in the folion of the Gamlang Control A. L. As a result, so cause for disciplinative was established in the folion of the Gamlang Control A. L. As a result, so cause for disciplinative was established in the folion of the factor.

Imposition of Discipline

25. In light of the foregoing, Respondents' licenses are suspended for fourteen (14) days. However, the suspension is stayed, and Respondents are ordered to pay a monetary penalty in lieu of all fourteen (14) days of the suspension. Pursuant to CCR section 12554(d)(7)(A), the monetary penalty shall be fifty percent (50%) of Lucky Chances' average daily gross gaming revenue. The monetary penalty shall be based upon the most recent financial statements submitted by Lucky Chances to the Bureau.

Costs

26. In issuing his Proposed Decision, ALJ Miller did not recommend the revocation, suspension or denial of Respondents' state gambling licenses or renewal state gambling license applications. As a result, ALJ Miller did not order the payment of reasonable costs by Respondents to the Bureau. Since ALJ Miller did not recommend the revocation, suspension or denial of Respondents' state gambling licenses or renewal state gambling license applications, pursuant to Section 19930(d), no costs will be awarded to the Bureau for the investigation and prosecution of this case.

Statement of Issues

27. The evidence established that Respondents are persons of good character, honesty, and integrity. However, Respondents' failure to disclose Rene Medina's use of LCI's wholesale license, their relationship and association with Rene Medina, a disqualified person under the Gambling Control Acc and neir' at 't of ailing to exocise reasonable oversight over various departments, including a roll and maintenance, particularly in relation to those departments' interactions with Rene Medina, poses a threat to the public interest, and creates or enhances the dangers of unsuitable, unfair, or illegal practices, methods, and activities in the conduct of controlled gambling or in the carrying on of the business and financial arrangements incidental thereto. However, these threats are insufficient, at this time, to warrant the denial of Respondents' enew 1 state gambling license applications. Rather Respondents have not neir burden of proving their justification, for license europe europe he Gambling Control A t, but or ly through their strict adherence to the following conditions:

License Conditions:

- 1. Rene Medina shall be prohibited from entering, being present in, or in any way patronizing any areas on Lucky Chances' property.
- 2. All future shareholders, corporate officers, key employees, and work permit holders shall be informed of the prohibition (as identified in condition number one) by the General Manager within three business days of their start date and shall maintain a record of this notification while they are affiliated with the cardroom.
- 3. Ruell Medina and Rommel Medina, licensed as shareholders in Lucky Chances, Inc. shall each be individually responsible for ensuring that all conditions placed on the Lucky Chances license are fully complied with, including but not limited to duties placed upon the General Manager.
- 4. If Rene Medina is observed at any time by any employee entering, or being present in any areas of Lucky Chances' property, the General Manager or

manager in charge shall within 30 minutes telephone (1) the California Gambling Control Commission (Commission) and (2) the Department of Justice, Bureau of Gambling Control (Bureau). The call to the Commission shall be made to the Executive Director at (916) 263-0700. The call to the Bureau stall by nade to the Bureau Chief to (916) 227-2377.

- 5. Rene Vedin shall of lave any communication, directly or indirectly, with any employee or owner of Lucky Chances, except that Rene Medina may communicate with his immediate family members provided the communication does not relate to any part of LCI's business.
- 6. Any communication between Rene Medina and any shareholder or employee of Lick. The concerning the operation of he Lick. Chance Card from Lusiness share be disclosed to the Executive Different Lto the Bureau Chief within one business day of the communication. This disclosure requirement applies to both oral and written communications. This disclosure must be made in writing. The General Manager shall maintain records documenting each disclosure for four years following the disclosure.

NOTICE OF APPLICANT'S APPEAL RIGHTS

Respondents have the following appeal rights available under state law:

Business and Professions Code section 19932 provides:

- (a) Any person aggrieved by a final decision or order of the commission that limits, conditions, suspends, or revokes any previously granted license or approval, made after hearing by the commission, may petition the Superior Court for the County of Sacramento for judicial review pursuant to Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure and Section 11523 of the Government Code. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the standard set forth in paragraph (1) of subdivision (h) of Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure shall apply for obtaining a stay of the operation of a final decision or order of the commission. In every case where it is claimed that the findings are not supported by the evidence, abuse of discretion is established if the court determines that the findings are not supported by substantial evidence in light of the whole record.
- (b) The court may summarily deny the petition, or the court may issue an alternative writ directing the commission to certify the whole record in the case to the court within a time specified. No new or additional evidence shall be introduced in

suspension shall be stayed and Respondents are ordered to pay a monetary penalty in lieu of all fourteen (14) days of the suspension based upon the most recent financial statements submitted by Lucky Chances to the Bureau.

- 3. The renewal state gambling license applications for Lucky Chances, Inc., Lucky Chances, Rommel Me lina, and Pate Me ina are PFROVE WITH CONDITIONS, as follows:
 - 1. Rene Medina shall be prohibited from entering, being present in, or in any way patronizing any areas on Lucky Chances' property.
 - 2. All future shareholders, corporate officers, key employees, and work permit holders shall be informed of the prohibition (as identified in condition number of e) by 1.3 G ne al Manager within the e bisitess city of their (a, t date and shall maintain a record of this notification while they are affiliated with he cardroom.
 - 3. Ruell Medina and Rommel Medina, licensed as shareholders in Lucky Chances, Inc. shall each be individually responsible for ensuring that all conditions placed on the Lucky Chances license are fully complied with, including but not limited to duties placed upon the General Manager.
 - 4. If Rene Medina is observed at any time by any employee entering, or being present in any areas of Lucky Chances' property, the General Manager or manager in charge shall within 30 minutes telephone (1) the California Gambling Control Commission (Commission) and (2) the Department of Justice, Bureau of Gambling Control (Bureau). The call to the Commission shall be made to the Executive Director at (916) 263-0700. The call to the Bureau shall be made to the Bureau Chief at (916) 227-2377.
 - 5. Rene Medina shall not have any communication, directly or indirectly, with any employee or owner of Lucky Chances, except that Rene Medina may communicate with his immediate family members provided the

communication does not relate to any part of LCI's business.

- 6. Any communication between Rene Medina and any shareholder or employee of Lucky Chances concerning the operation of the Lucky Chances card room business shall be disclosed to the Executive Director and to the Bureau Chief within on business day of the Communication. This disclosure requirement apply so both and uncommunications. This disclosure must be made in writing. The General Manager shall maintain records documenting each disclosure for four years following the disclosure.
- 4. No costs are to be awarded.
- 5. Each side to pay its own attorneys' fees.

	This Oi are effect e on 1	Y. a. 13.	
Dated:	2 9 7	Signature:	Jim Evans, Chairman
Dated:	2/9/17	Signature:	Lauren Hammond, Commissioner
Dated:	2/9/17	Signature:	Trang To, Commissioner