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CALIFORNIA GAMBLING	·· (a)
STATE OF CA	ALIFORNIA
Denial of Renewal License Application Regarding: DOG NAMED BLUE, INC., DBA CALIFORNIA GAMING CONSULTANTS;	BGC Case No. BGC-HQ2014-00005SL CGCC Case No. CGCC-2013-0627-7B
THE RICK BALDARAMOS TRUST; and RICHARD BALDARAMOS	STATEMENT OF REASONS
License Number TPPP-000013 Respondent.	Hearing Date: February 29, 2016 Hearing Time: 10:00 a.m.
Complainant alleges as follows:	
PART	<u>IES</u>
1. Wayne J. Quint, Jr. (Complainant) brin	gs this Statement of Reasons for Denial of
License Application for Renewal solely in his offic	ial capacity as the Chief of the California
Department of Justice, Bureau of Gambling Contro	ol (Bureau).
2. Dog Named Blue, Inc., dba California	Gaming Consultants ("Respondent Company")
is licensed by the California Gambling Control Cor	nmission ("Commission") as a Third-Party
Provider of Proposition Player Services, and has be	en so licensed since February 21, 2008. From

PRIOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION IN RELATION TO LICENSEE

Order (Order) in Case No. CGCC-2010-12-01. Under the Order, the Commission adopted the findings of fact in summary as follows: (1) in relation to third-party proposition player services that Respondent Company provided to Casino Royale and the Lucky Derby, licensed gambling enterprises, it failed on numerous occasions to maintain accurate playing books and that Respondent Company's employees failed on numerous occasions to wear required proposition player badges in violation the Commission Regulations for the provision of third-party proposition player services; (2) Respondent Company failed to timely request the conversion of numerous employees' registrations to licenses as required by Commission Regulation for the provision of third-party proposition player services; (3) Respondent Company failed to obtain business licenses for its operations at several gambling establishments; and (4) Respondent Company operated a "gambling business" that was unsuitable for licensure under Commission Regulations.

12. Under the Order, Respondent Company was assessed \$100,000 in penalties under the Act for the violations to be paid over 180 days; its state gambling license was suspended for 30-days, which suspension was stayed subject to the timely payment of the penalties assessed and to conditions being placed on its license as follows:

Licensee [Respondent Company] shall comply with all applicable gambling-related laws and administrative regulations and shall comply with/abide by the corrective action plans, and each of them, detailed in the licensee's letters to the Bureau dated April 15, 2009, July 23, 2009, and October 28, 2009, and in response to the letters of warning issued by the Bureau on April 23, 2010 and April 29, 2010.

Licensee [Respondent Company] shall not employ nor allow any employee to participate in games as a third-party proposition player on behalf of [Respondent Company] while the person is employed by or acting as an independent contractor for a gambling establishment where [Respondent Company] provides third-party proposition player services.

13. The Order further stated:

While the charges set forth in the Accusation represented extensive misconduct by Respondent Company in the operation of its business, such misconduct was not based upon ill intent, but rather was based upon poor business practices. For the last year, Respondent Company has improved its business practices and remedied the

issues set forth in the Accusation. With the extension of the renewal 1 of Respondent Company's license under the conditions as set forth [the Order] it is anticipated Respondent Company's business 2 practices will continue to be in compliance with the Business and 3 Professions Code and the Bureau and Commission [R]egulations. Pursuant to the Order: 4 At the completion of the 180-day period after the effective date of 5 [the Order], at its next regularly scheduled meeting thereafter, the Commission shall consider the renewal of Respondent Company's 6 license. If the Commission determines that the conditions of the license have been met and renews Respondent Company's license, 7 the 30-day suspension . . . will be null and void. 8 Accordingly, Respondent Company's application for renewal was set to be heard by the 9 Commission in October 2012. To allow for the completion of the investigation of the suitability 10 issues set forth below, the Commission extended Respondent Company's state gambling license, 11 but its application for renewal was not approved, and was ultimately referred to hearing as set 12 forth in paragraph 7, above. 13 FIRST REASON FOR DENIAL OF RENEWAL LICENSE APPLICATION 14 (Business and Professions Code Section 19857, subdivisions (a) & (b)—Bad 15 Character, Dishonesty, and Lack of Integrity; and Unsuitable Methods and Activities in the Conduct of Controlled Gambling or in the Carrying On of the 16 Business and Financial Arrangements Incidental Thereto) 17 18 The allegations of paragraphs 1 through 14 above are incorporated here by this reference. 19 16. Respondents' application is subject to denial under Business and Professions Code 20 section 19859, subdivisions (a) and (b), in that Respondent Baldaramos directed his employee to 21 inaccurately and dishonestly report required information in the playing book and suborned perjury 22 23 in so directing his employee. 17. On or about December 18, 2010, Respondent Company had an ongoing agreement to 24 provide third-party proposition player services (Agreement) to Mortimer's Card Room 25 (Mortimer's), which is a licensed gambling establishment located in Marina, California. On or 26 about December 18, 2010, at Mortimers, Respondent Baldaramos directed a subordinate and an

employee, and a third-party proposition player for Respondent Company, to under report his

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under Respondents' agreement with the Mortimer's, as approved by the Bureau, Respondent

Baldaramos used the \$14,000 that at his instruction, the third-party proposition player employee had secreted in the cage safe, as described in paragraph 17 above, to pay off the gambling debt of the former general manager in lieu of paying the cardroom promotional costs that had been sought by Mortimer's.

22. By paying off the previous general manager's gambling debt to Respondent Company as a form of payment to Mortimer's in lieu of the payment of promotional expenses for the cardroom, Respondent Baldaramos made a payment to Mortimer's that was not authorized under the Bureau approved third-party provider of proposition player services agreement in violation of Commission Regulation 12200.7, subdivision (c)(1), and concealed the nature of the payment in violation of Commission Regulation 12200.18, subdivisions (a), (c), and (f).

THIRD REASON FOR DENIAL OF RENEWAL LICENSE APPLICATION

(Business and Professions Code Section 19859, Subdivision (b))--Failure to Disclose Facts Material to Qualifications; and/or Section 19857, subdivisions (a) and (b)--Bad Character, Dishonesty, and Unsuitable Methods and Activities in the Conduct of Controlled Gambling or in the Carrying On of the Business and Financial Arrangements Incidental Thereto)

- 23. The allegations of paragraphs 1 through 22 above are incorporated here by this reference.
- 24. Respondents' application is subject to mandatory denial under Business and Professions Code section 19859, subdivision (b), and/or a discretionary denial under Business and Professions Code, section 19857, subdivisions (a) or (b) because of Respondents' failure to disclose material facts and dishonest and unsuitable conduct in relation to joint venture funding received from an undisclosed and unlicensed source.
- 25. On or about January 4, 2010, Respondent Company received \$200,000 from the vice-president of Gaming Fund Group, Inc. (GFG), which is also a licensed as a Third-Party Provider of Proposition Player Services. This \$200,000 payment was for purposes of a joint venture between Respondent Company and GFG., under which profits and losses from the provision of third-party proposition player services under the agreement with Mortimers would be split evenly, with a cap of \$200,000 on the CFG vice-president's share profits. Respondents did not disclose

2 licenses in relation to Respondent Company. 3 By failing to disclose the financial investment and business arrangement set forth above, and by failing to have GFG and its vice-president apply for owners' licenses, Respondents 4 violated Commission Regulations 12200.7, subdivision (b)(9) and (c), 12200.18, subdivisions (a), 5 (c), and (f), and 12218.8, subdivision (b); and conspired with GFG and its vice president to 6 commit a violation of Business & Professions Code section 19850. 7 8 **JURISDICTION** 9 27. This Statement of Reasons is brought before the Commission pursuant to the authority 10 detailed in paragraphs 28 through 39 below. 11 28. Business and Professions Code section 19810 states: Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any power or 12 authority of the department^[2] described in this chapter may be exercised by the Attorney General or any other person as the 13 Attorney General may delegate. 14 29. Business and Professions Code, section 19811 provides, in part: 15 (b) Jurisdiction, including jurisdiction over operation and concentration, and supervision over gambling establishments in this 16 state and over all persons or things having to do with the operations of gambling establishments is vested in the commission. 17 30. Business and Professions Code section 19826 provides in part as follows: 18 The department shall have all of the following responsibilities: 19 20 (a) To investigate the qualifications of applicants before any license, permit, or other approval is issued, and to investigate any 21 request to the commission for any approval that may be required pursuant to this chapter. The department may recommend denial or 22 the limitation, conditioning, or restriction of any license, permit or other approval. 23 Business and Professions Code section 19811, in relevant part, states: 24 (b) Jurisdiction, including jurisdiction over operation and 25 concentration, and supervision over gambling establishments in this 26 ² The "department" referred to in the Act, is the Department of Justice (Bus. & Prof. Code, 27 § 19805, subd. (h)). The Bureau of Gambling Control is within the Department of Justice, Division of Law Enforcement. 28

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this agreement to the Bureau. Further, neither GFG nor its vice-president applied for owners'

state and over all persons or things having to do with the operation 1 of gambling establishments is vested in the commission. 2 32. Business and Professions Code section 19823 provides as follows: 3 (a) The responsibilities of the commission include, without 4 limitation, all of the following: 5 (1) Assuring that licenses, approvals, and permits are not issued to, or held by, unqualified or disqualified 6 persons, or by persons whose operations are conducted in a manner that is inimical to the public health, safety, or 7 welfare. 8 (2) Assuring that there is no material involvement, 9 directly or indirectly, with a licensed gambling operation, or the ownership or management thereof, by unqualified or 10 disqualified persons, or by persons whose operations are conducted in a manner that is inimical to the public health, 11 safety, or welfare. 12 (b) For the purposes of this section, "unqualified person" 13 means a person who is found to be unqualified pursuant to the criteria set forth in Section 19857, and "disqualified person" means a 14 person who is found to be disqualified pursuant to the criteria set 15 forth in Section 19859. 16 Business and Professions Code section 19824 provides in part as follows: 17 The commission shall have all powers necessary and proper to 18 enable it fully and effectually to carry out the policies and purposes of this chapter, including, without limitation, the power to do all of 19 the following: 20 21 (b) For any cause deemed reasonable by the commission, deny any application for a license, permit, or approval provided for in this 22 chapter or regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter, limit, condition, or restrict any license, permit, or approval, or impose any fine upon any 23 person licensed or approved. 24 (d) Take actions deemed to be reasonable to ensure that no 25 ineligible, unqualified, disqualified, or unsuitable persons are associated with controlled gambling activities. 26 27 28

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1	(d) All proceedings at a meeting of the commission relating to a license application shall be recorded stenographically or on
2	audiotape or videotape.
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4	36. Business and Professions Code section 19871 provides as follows:
5	(a) The commission meeting described in Section 19870 shall be conducted in accordance with regulations of the commission and as
6	follows:
7	(1) Oral evidence shall be taken only upon oath or affirmation.
8	(2) Each mostly shall have all of the following might a
9	(2) Each party shall have all of the following rights:
10	(A) To call and examine witnesses.
11	(B) To introduce exhibits relevant to the issues of the case.
12	(C) To cross-examine opposing witnesses on
13	any matters relevant to the issues, even though the
14	matter was not covered on direct examination.
15	(D) To impeach any witness, regardless of which party first called the witness to testify.
16	(E) To offer rebuttal evidence.
17	(3) If the applicant does not testify in his or her own behalf,
18	he or she may be called and examined as if under cross-examination.
19	(4) The meeting need not be conducted according to technical rules relating to evidence and witnesses. Any relevant
20	evidence may be considered, and is sufficient in itself to support a finding, if it is the sort of evidence on which responsible persons are
21	accustomed to rely in the conduct of serious affairs, regardless of the
22	existence of any common law or statutory rule that might make improper the admission of that evidence over objection in a civil
23	action.
24	(b) Nothing in this section confers upon an applicant a right to discovery of the department's investigative reports or to require
25	disclosure of any document or information the disclosure of which is otherwise prohibited by any other provision of this chapter.
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- Commission Regulation section 12054 provides in pertinent part as follows: 1 37. 2 3 4 5 6 consideration related to the applicant's suitability. 7 38. 8 9 10 11 12 13 advocate of the Commission. 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 investigations. 24 25 26 27 28 11
 - (a) At a non-evidentiary hearing meeting, the Commission may
 - take, but is not limited to taking, one of the following actions:
 - (2) Elect to hold an evidentiary hearing in accordance with Section 12056 and, when for a renewal application, issue an interim renewal license pursuant to Section 12035. The Commission shall identify those issues for which it requires additional information or
 - Commission Regulation section 12056 provides in pertinent part as follows:
 - (a) If the Commission elects to hold an evidentiary hearing, the hearing will be conducted as a GCA hearing under Section 12060, unless the Executive Director or the Commission determines the hearing should be conducted as an APA hearing under Section 12058. The evidence shall be presented by the complainant, which is selected by the Executive Director or the Commission, and may be either the Bureau or advocates of the Commission. If an advocate of the Commission is selected, the determination shall include a list of employees of the Commission who shall be designated as an
 - (b) Nothing in this section, Section 12058 or Section 12060 confers upon an applicant a right to discovery of the Commission's or Bureau's confidential information or to require production of any document or the disclosure of information which is otherwise prohibited by any provision of the Act, or is privileged from disclosure or otherwise made confidential by any other provision of law. Documentary evidence may be redacted as needed to prevent the disclosure of confidential information. Exculpatory or mitigating information shall be provided to the applicant, but any confidential information may be redacted by the Bureau.
 - (c) Under either an APA or a GCA hearing, all parties will bear their own costs. This does not prevent the Bureau from requiring that additional sums be deposited pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 19867 for any necessary supplemental
 - Commission Regulation section 12060 provides in pertinent part as follows:
 - (a) If the Executive Director determines it is appropriate, he or she may set an application for consideration at a GCA hearing in advance of a meeting pursuant to Section 12054. The Executive Director shall give notice to the applicant, pursuant to paragraph (2) subsection (c) of Section 12052, to the Office of the Attorney General, and to the Bureau no later than 90 calendar

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days in advance of the GCA hearing. The Executive Director's determination will be based on information contained in the Bureau's report or other appropriate sources including, without limitation, a request from the Bureau or applicant as well as the Commission's operational considerations. The Commission retains the authority to refer the matter to an APA hearing pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 12056 or hear the matter at a Section 12054 meeting if the Commission deems it appropriate.

- (b) When the Commission has elected to hold a GCA hearing, the Executive Director shall give notice to the applicant, pursuant to paragraph (2) subsection (c) of Section 12052, to the Office of the Attorney General, and to the Bureau no later than 60 calendar days in advance of the GCA hearing.
- (c) The presiding officer shall have no communication with the Commission or Commission staff upon the merits, or upon information or documents related to the application prior to the evidentiary hearing. The Executive Director shall designate a presiding officer which shall be:
 - (1) A member of the Commission's legal staff; or,
 - (2) An Administrative Law Judge.
- (d) The applicant or the complainant, or the applicant and the complainant, may request a continuance in writing to the Executive Director stating the reason for the continuance and any proposed future hearing dates. The Executive Director or Commission may approve the request.
- (e) The complainant shall provide to the applicant, at least 45 calendar days prior to the GCA hearing, and the applicant shall provide to the complainant, at least 30 calendar days prior to the GCA hearing, the following items:
 - (1) A list of potential witnesses with the general subject of the testimony of each witness;
 - (2) Copies of all documentary evidence intended to be introduced at the hearing and not previously provided;
 - (3) Reports or statements of parties and witnesses, if available; and
 - (4) All other written comments or writings containing relevant evidence.
- (f) A presiding officer shall rule on the admissibility of evidence and on any objections raised except for objections raised under subsection (g). A ruling by the presiding officer shall be final.
- (1) In advance of the GCA hearing, upon a motion of a party or by order of the presiding officer, the presiding officer may

conduct a pre-hearing conference, either in person, via teleconference, or by email exchange, subject to the presiding officer's availability and shall issue a pre-hearing order if appropriate or requested by either party. The pre-hearing conference and order may address the following:

- (A) Evidentiary issues;
- (B) Witness and exhibit lists; (c) Under either an APA or a GCA hearing, all parties will bear their own costs. This does not prevent the Bureau from requiring that additional sums be deposited pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 19867 for any necessary supplemental investigations.
- (C) Alterations in the Bureau recommendation;
- (D) Stipulation for undisputed facts including the admission of the Bureau's report; and
- (E) Other issues that may be deemed appropriate to promote the orderly and prompt conduct of the hearing.
- (g) The Commission may, at any time upon a showing of prejudice by the objecting party:
 - (1) Prohibit the testimony of any witness or the introduction of any documentary evidence that has not been disclosed pursuant to subsection (e); or
 - (2) Continue any meeting or hearing as necessary to mitigate any prejudice.
- (h) The complainant shall present all facts and information in the Bureau report, if any, and the results of the Bureau's background investigation, and the basis for any recommendation, if the Bureau filed one with the Commission according to Business and Professions Code section 19868, to enable the Commission to make an informed decision on whether the applicant has met his, her, or its burden of proof. The complainant may but is not required to recommend or seek any particular outcome during the evidentiary hearing, unless it so chooses.
- (i) The burden of proof is on the applicant at all times to prove his, her, or its qualifications to receive any license or other approval under the Act.
- (j) The applicant may choose to represent himself, herself, or itself, or may retain an attorney or lay representative.

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(k) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (g), the complainant and applicant shall have the right to call and examine witnesses under oath; to introduce relevant exhibits and documentary evidence; to cross-examine opposing witnesses on any relevant matter, even if the matter was not covered in direct examination; to impeach any witness, regardless of which party first called the witness to testify; and to offer rebuttal evidence. If the applicant does not testify on his, her or its own behalf, the applicant may be called and examined, under oath, as if under cross-examination.

(l) Oral evidence shall be taken upon oath or affirmation, which may be administered by the Executive Director, a member of the Commission, or the presiding officer, if an Administrative Law Judge.

(m) At the conclusion of the evidentiary hearing, the members of the Commission shall take the matter under submission, may discuss the matter in a closed session meeting, and may schedule future closed session meetings for deliberation.

OTHER MATERIAL STATUTORY AND REGULATORY PROVISIONS

40. Business and Professions Code section 19805 provides in part as follows:

As used in this chapter, the following definitions shall apply:

* * *

(b) "Applicant" means any person who has applied for, or is about to apply for, a state gambling license, . . . or an approval of any act or transaction for which the approval or authorization of the commission or department is required or permitted under this chapter.

* * *

- (d) "Chief" means the head of the entity within the department that is responsible for fulfilling the obligations imposed upon the department by this chapter.
- (e) "Commission" means the California Gambling Control Commission.

(h) "Department" means the Department of Justice.

(m) "Gambling enterprise" means a natural person or an entity,

whether individual, corporate, or otherwise, that conducts a

1		gambling operation and that by virtue thereof is required to hold a state gambling license under this chapter.
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4		(p) "Gambling license" or "state gambling license" means any license issued by the state that authorizes the person named therein to conduct a gambling operation.
5		***
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7		(aj) "Renewal license" means the license issued to the holder of an initial license that authorizes the license to continue beyond the expiration date of the initial license.
8		
9	41.	Business and Professions Code section 19850, subdivisions (d) and (h), states:
10		Every person who, either as owner, lessee, or employee, whether for hire or not, either solely or in conjunction with others, deals,
11		operates, carries on, conducts, maintains, or exposes for play any controlled game in this state, or who receives, directly or indirectly,
12		any compensation or reward, or any percentage or share of the
		money or property played, for keeping, running, or carrying on any
13		controlled game in this state, shall apply for and obtain from the
14		commission, and shall thereafter maintain, a valid state gambling
.		license, key employee license, or work permit, as specified in this
15		chapter. In any criminal prosecution for violation of this section, the
16		punishment shall be as provided in Section 337j of the Penal Code.
17	42.	Business and Professions Code section 19852, subdivisions (d) and (h), states in part
18		[A]n owner of a gambling enterprise that is not a natural person
		shall not be eligible for a state gambling license unless each of the
19		following persons individually applies for and obtains a state gambling license:
20		***
21		
21		(d) If the owner is a partnership, then every general and limited
22		partner of, and every trustee or person, other than a holding or intermediary company, having or acquiring a direct or beneficial
23		interest in, that partnership owner.
24		***
25		(h) Each person who receives, or is to receive, any percentage
26		share of the revenue earned by the owner from gambling activities.
27	43.	Under Business and Professions Code section 19856, subdivision (a), the burden of
28	proving hi	s or her qualifications to receive any license is on the applicant.

Business and Professions Code section 19857 provides: 1 2 No gambling license shall be issued unless, based on all the information and documents submitted, the commission is satisfied 3 that the applicant is all of the following: 4 (a) A person of good character, honesty and integrity. 5 (b) A person whose prior activities, criminal record, if any, reputation, habits, and associations do not pose a threat to the public 6 interest of this state, or to the effective regulation and control of 7 controlled gambling, or create or enhance the dangers of unsuitable, unfair, or illegal practices, methods, and activities in the conduct of 8 controlled gambling or in the carrying on of the business and financial arrangements incidental thereto. 9 (c) A person that is in all other respects qualified to be licensed 10 as provided in this chapter. 11 45. Business and Professions Code section 19859 provides in part as follows: 12 The commission shall deny a license to any applicant who is 13 disqualified for any of the following reasons: 14 (a) Failure of the applicant to clearly establish eligibility and 15 qualification in accordance with this chapter. 16 17 (b) Failure of the applicant to provide information, documentation, and assurances required by this chapter or requested by the chief, or 18 failure of the applicant to reveal any fact material to qualification . . . 19 46. Penal Code section 127 states: "Every person who willfully procures another person 20 to commit perjury is guilty of subornation of perjury, and is punishable in the same manner as he 21 22 would be if personally guilty of the perjury so procured." 47. Penal Code section 129 states: "Every person who, being required by law to make any 23 24 return, statement, or report, under oath, willfully makes and delivers any such return, statement, or report, purporting to be under oath, knowing the same to be false in any particular, is guilty of 25 perjury, whether such oath was in fact taken or not." 26 27 28

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1	48. Unless otherwise stated, all references to Commission Regulations are to title 4 of the
2	California Code of Regulations. Commission Regulation 12200, states in pertinent part:
3	(b) As used in this chapter:* * *
4	(16) "Owner" includes all of the following:
5	***
6 7	(B) Any individual specified in Business and Professions Code section 19852, subdivisions (a) through (h).
8	49. Commission Regulation 12360, states in pertinent part:
9	(a) "Cage bank" means a fund consisting of monetary assets including, but not limited to, gambling chips, cash, and cash equivalents, maintained inside a cage for use in gambling operations.
11	A Cage bank is commonly referred simply as a cage. Under Commission Regulation 12386, a
12	cage in a gambling establishment is required to abide strict policies and procedures that restrict
13	access to the cage to authorized personnel, maintain the security of the cage, and assure
14	accountability for all monetary transactions occurring there.
15	50. Commission Regulation 12200.07 states in pertinent part:
16 17	(b) Each proposition player contract shall specifically require all of the following to be separately set forth at the beginning of the contract in the following order:
18	* * *
19	(9) That proposition player services may be provided only
20	by authorized players with current registration or licensing under this chapter.
21	* * *
22	(c)(1) Except as expressly authorized by this subsection, a
23	proposition player contract shall not include any provision authorizing payment to or receipt by the house, or a designee
24	thereof, of any share of the profits or revenues of a registrant or a licensee. Any payments made by a registrant or licensee to the
25	house for a purpose determined by agreement with the house shall be specifically authorized by the proposition player contract. All
26	payments shall be specified in the contract. The contract shall identify the total charge for each of the following categories:
27	services, facilities, and advertising. In addition, the contract shall include a detailed list, excluding specific costs, of the items provided
28	or received in each of these categories.
- 13	17

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Commission Regulation 12200.13 states in part: 1 2 (a) The primary owner shall be responsible for assuring that its players maintain accurate, complete, and up-to-date playing books 3 for all sessions of play worked in conformity with regulations of the Commission. The information in the playing-book record shall be 4 transferred to the primary owner, or a supervisor designated by the primary owner at the end of each session of play. The primary owner 5 shall maintain this information in English at a single location in the State of California, and shall maintain the original playing book 6 records in the State of California for at least five (5) years. The location or locations where the records of this information and the 7 original playing book records are maintained, and any change therein, shall be disclosed to the Commission and Bureau by written 8 notice, mailed or delivered within five (5) business days after establishing or changing such a location. 9 (b) The playing book shall be prepared and maintained as 10 follows: 11 12 (1) The playing book form shall be reviewed and approved or disapproved during the review of the contract by the Bureau. 13 14 (3) The form for each session of play shall be time-stamped, 15 dated, and signed under penalty of perjury by the person who prepared it and shall include a declaration in the following form: "I 16 declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct." 17 18 52. Commission Regulation 12200.18 states in part: The Commission may revoke a registration or license, upon any of 19 the following grounds, after a hearing conducted pursuant to the same procedures applicable to the revocation of a gambling 20 establishment license: 21 (a) The registrant or licensee committed, attempted to commit, or conspired to commit any acts prohibited by the Act or this 22 chapter. 23 (b) Any act or omission by the registrant that would disqualify the registrant from obtaining registration under this chapter. Any act 24 or omission by the licensee that would disqualify the licensee from obtaining licensing under this chapter. 25 (c) The registrant or licensee engaged in any dishonest, 26 fraudulent, or unfairly deceptive activities in connection with controlled gambling, including any violation of laws related to 27 cheating. 28